—It is reported that the Hon. Henry T. Blow, Minister to Brazil, has placed his resignation in the President's hands. Mr. Blow will, it is understood, return to St. Louis, and take an active part in the business and other interests of his State.

The following is a statement of internal revenue collections: From July 1, 1869, to February 24, 1870, \$109,194, 394 51; from July 1, 1870, to February 24, 1871, \$100,278,251 48. Decrease, \$8,916, 190,03

-The Ohio State Board of Equaliza tion, Friday, in Committee of the Whole, voted to pass the towns of Belmont county, including Bellaire, at the valuation returned by the local Board.

-A special to the N. Y. Post says tha within a few days matters have taken such shape as to leave no doubt that Attorney General Akerman will leave the Cabine before the middle of March.

-The London Times says the health of

— The London Times says the locate of the Spanish Queen is improving.

— Early Saturday morning, at Canton, 0., the carriage factory of Mesars, King & West was partially destroyed by fire. The loss is between six and seven thou and dollars: insured for four thousand. -The Eagle Belt Works at Philips-burgh, N. J., burned Thursday night.

Loss \$45,000. The sub-committee appointed to select experts to examine the books and clear up the existing muddle in the Methodist Book Concern have not yet been able to choose their agents, but are moving in a mysterious way mmong themselves, and decline letting the public know what they

are about.

—Dispatches from Florence say that Senor Venosa has granted Hussin Bey, of Tunis, a delay of eight days. If at the expiration, his instructions from the Tunisian government are unsatisfactory, an Italian squadron will sail for Tunis.

—Senator Patterson and Representative Sheldon of the Joint Congressional Com-mittee are closing their investigation into the management of the New York custon house. What they have found out will not be allowed to be made public until their official report is presented to Congress, but it is understood they have discovered some gross abuses in the general order and cartage business and in the entire fees for official favors. -A Newbern, N. C., dispatch says the

North Lookout went to pieces during the gale Saturday last. Most of her cargo has been saved. The balance is reported as strewn along the beach.

—P. C. Dean's woolen factory at Ballsville, Ohlo, was destroyed by fire Friday night. Loss, \$30,000. Only \$6,000 in-

—Chapee's tailor shop and brush factory in Boston, connected with the Suffolk Company's, house of correction, was destroyed by fire early. Saturday morning. Ninety sewing machines and other machinery, were turned. The fire was caused by the spontaneous combustion of the oil and tree used for cleaning the saw. the oil and rags used for cleaning the sew

The boiler at the Kern & Tillinghas Twilight well, near Parker's Landing Pa., exploded at 4 o'clock Sunday P. M., ra, exposed in a 4 cocke. Similarly rainstantly killing Chas. Tillinghast, a well known Pittsburgher, and John Trax, a pumper, and severely scalding W.-H. Kern. Mr. Tillinghast's body was thrown 200 leet down a hill. Portions of the boiler were thrown 200 yards.

—Senator Stewart in the report of the Pacific Railroad, says the cost of the overland service for the whole of the period from the acquisition of our Pacific coast possessions, down to the completion of the Pacific railroad, was over \$8,000,000 per annum, and constantly increasing. The -Senator Stewart in the report of the annum, and constantly increasing. The cost since the completion of the road is

—The friends of Temperance in Cin-cinnati have organized an active came paign. Meetings in the interest of this cause are held each Sabbath and will be held more frequently hereafter. So far

held more frequently aerganter. So far they have been largely attended.

—A farmer named Rubright, of Indi-diana county, Pa., who was lately confined in Dixmont, was before the court on a habets corpus, charging his relatives with conspiracy in sending him to the insane asylum to get courty of his diana county, Pa., who was lately confined in Dixmont, was before the court on a habeas corpus, charging his relatives with conspiracy in sending him to the insane asylum to get control of his property, and charging his wife with improper intimacy with her minister, whom he alleged is a member of the least low. alleged is a member of the free love

-The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to purchase two million bonds each Wednesday during the month of March, being ten millions in all, and sell one million gold on the 1st. 3d and 5th Thursdays and two millions on the 2d and 4th of March—seven millions in all.

The furniture factory of Feldwisch, Voogt & Co., at Cincinnati, was partially burned yesterday. Loss \$20,000, insured.

-Hon. C. L. Vallandigham is at Indianapolis, on a visit to R. J. Bright, of the Sentinel. The political situation in Ohio and Indiana is supposed to be the object of his visit.

HTwo British schooners were seized at Eastport, Me., Sunday, by an U. S. Reve-me cutter for violation of the coasting

The so-called "Labor Rejorm" party at Cincinnati are taking steps to put a separate city ticket in the field for the spring rejection [] ] HT [] H [] Sky inches of snow fell at Chicago

yesterday.

Colored Convention in Tennessee

NASHVILLE, February 25. Nativille, February 20.

The colored State Convention adjourned to-day, after a four days session. Resolutions were adopted declaring hearly all the colored schools suspended, outside of the largest cities on account of the outrages by the teschers. The colored children must look to the Federal Government for the means or education. Wages of laborers are low, consequently want and destitution prevail. Employers will not faithfully execute their contracts. not faithfully execute their contracts Life is unsafe, colored men being killed for small offenses, and females outraged Congress is asked for protection.

THE CAPITAL.

Public Sentiment Against a Conven-

Charleton, February 24.
The question of calling a Constitutional Convention is Illicity to be voted down when submitted to the people. The Charleton Remitt's issued to-day, gives at





VOL. XIX.

WHEELING, W. VA. MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1871.

NO. 164

XLIst CONGRESS. THIRD SESSION.

SENATE Washington, February 25. Mr. Howard presented the credentials of his successor Thomas White Ferry, for the term commencing March 4th.

Mr. Willey, from the Committee ou
Patents, reported back the bill to revise,
consolidate and amend the statutes relating

to patents and copy rights. Passed.

On motion of Mr. Cameron, the Senate took up the House bill pending for the celebration of the one hundredth anniver-

The Chair stated the question would be on the amendment offered by Mr. Conk.
Like to provide for a similar exposition at at New York.

at New York.

Mr. Feston, in the absence of his collegate, called for a vote on the amendment, when it was rejected by a large negative vote. The bill then passed On motion of Mr. Howard, the Senate non-concurred in the amendments of the House to the Southern Pacilic railroad bill, and a Committee of Conference was

bill, and a Committee of Conference was ordered, Mesers. Howard, Kellogo and FLANAGAN, were appointed as the

Committee.

The Senate then took up the Postoffice Appropriation bill, and discussed the various amendments reported from the Committee on Appropriations. Without the finishing the bill the Senate went into a contribution of the contribution of t executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE. Mr. Hooven, Chairman of the Commit see on Ways and Means, presented a let or from Mr. Pleasonton, Commissioner of tee on Ways and Means, presented a let-ter from Mr. Pleascaton, Commissioner o Luternal Revenue, stating that in view o the action taken by the Senafe and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House looking towards the repeal of the income tax, he had naturally delayed un-til the last moment before authorizing any beense in connection with the tax, but ger delay on his part was impossible therefore urged that the action of the use be pressed to its immediate conclu

Mr. Hoopen gave notice, in connection Mr. Hoofen gave notice, in connection with the letter, that he would at the earliest opportunity move to go into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of taking up the bill to repeal the income tax.

The House resumed the consideration of the omnibus appropriation bill.

Without disposing of the bill the House at 7 o'clock adjourned.

An announcement of the Democratic caucus for the Forty-first and Forty-caucus for the Forty-first and Forty-caucus for the Forty-first and Forty-

caucus for the Forty-first and Forty-second Congress was made for Monday

BITUMINAMINUTIS

Dead Look in the Legislature The Dead Look in the Legislature.

The House met again this morning at 9 o'clock, but transacted no business, and adjourned till Monday. A concurrent resolution was offered for adjournment sine die, which the Speaker decided could not be entertained, stating that he considered the Senate a legal body, and as such could act on any laws that had been passed by the House previous to the such could act on any laws that had been passed by the House previous to the resignation of the thirty-four members, and that he, as Bpeaker, would sign any such laws when returned by the Senate. It was therefore necessary for the House to meet and adjourn from day to day until the constitutional limits of the session expires.

sion expires. What It Is All About--- Explanatio of Republican Strategy. ndence Cincinnsti Commer

Indianapolis, Feb. 24.
The Republicans did not resign becaus
of the Apportionment bill. The propose
amendments to the bill of 1867 affecter only seventeen out of one hundred and fifty constituencies, and could not have may consutuencies, and could not have materially changed the representation. Besides, in the absence of Judge Hughes, and Mr. Cave the bill, however obnoxious could not have passed the Sonate, had it been carried in the House. In the re-maining days of the assion a great death ning days of the session a great de-ecessary legislation could have bee accomplished, such as the passage of the Appropriation bill, &c. And the session would have been continued had not the Republicans discovered a plan on the par of the Democrats to hold a joint conve or the Democrats to hold a joint conven-tion and adjourn the Legislature until September. It is not proper to state who conveyed the information, but in the ex-isting animosity between the friends of Mr. Hendricks and the friends of Mr.

Pendleton there is always somebody to disclose the plans of the party.

Nor is it clear what they expected to gain. If, as they believe, Senator Morton is only awaiting, the adjournment of the Legislature to enter the Cabinet, they might know, he would not resign, with the certainty of a Democrat: succeeding him in the Senate. The plan is accredited to Judge Hughes, who is diametrically opposed to Mr. Hendricks, and must be coposed to Mr. Hendricks and must be Pendleton there is always somebody

on in the canale. In plan is accreaited to Judge-Hughes, who is diametrically sopposed to Mr. Hendricks, and must be sustling about before the people whether, he accomplishes anything or not.

Whatever may have been their plans, step have been dashed by the Republican addication. Senator Morton is said to have had no part in the strategy, but it has played most effectually into his hand, tamposing he wishes to enter the Cabinet. The resignations occurred too late in the session, according to law, for the Governor to order another election, and his Excellency can now appoint whom he in pleases, secure of the next two years.

There was talk of arresting the thirty-four members who resigned, on the ground that they had not given legal not lice, but the project was abandoned.

MISSOURI.

The Wind Storm-Arrest of a Supposed Express Robber-Spicide

posed Express Robber--Salcide.

Sr. Louis, February 25.

Accounts from the interior indicate that the wind storm of Thursday night did much damage to towns, fences, farmhouses, &co., in its track.

Jack Ford, brakeman on the Missouri Pacific Raliroad, was arrested at Jefferson City, yesterday, on the charge of being connected with the robbery of the U.S. Express Company, in August 1981, of \$15,000, and in default of \$5,000 ball was sent to jail. Other parties connected with sent to jail. Other parties connected with

sent to jail. Other parties connected with the same robbery are expected to be arrested in a few days.

G.T.A. Glescke, a young German of education, blew his brains out with a pistol last night.

Ohio Legislature.

A bill was introduced in the House Representatives providing for the election of a city treasurer in the cities having population of not less than 50,000; also a bill giving a police court final jurisdiction over minor oftenses. The Finance Committee Charleston Recall! issued to day, gives at considerable length reasons why a Conmittee recommended the indefinite post-vention must be injurious to the heat in-terests of the State, as well as financially the purchase of Okey and Miller's revised

## EUROPE.

LONDON, February 25 Great uneasiness is felt in the North of France on the subject of the peace nego-gotiations. Everything is in readiness to inundate the country. The Echo Du nundate the country. The Echo Du Nord protests against this theory of revenge, as but the opinion of a faction, and as contrary to the interests of the nation and its progress, and says a peaceful solution of the Alsace question is possible. ble. BORDEAUX February 25.

Thiers and Picard have not yet arrived here. The departure of Thiers from Paris

Thiers accepts the principle of territo-rial cession but is trying to save Metz. Bismarck agrees to leave that fortress to France, but Molike objects. The Prus-sians are to levy the contributions and im-prison the authorities who refuse to pay them.

The Radicals have again invited Garabaldi to take his seat in the National As-

ment of Napoleon."

The Telegraph's Versailles special an nounces that a movement for the concentration of armies towards the South has commenced as stated at Versailles. The French regiments near Bordeaux are

Precise Terms Unknown. Pants, February 25.

at Versailles all day to-day. Later---Conclusion of Peace No. Certain---The Terms.

SUNDAY, Feb. 26, via LONDON, 2 P. M. Peace is now certain. Thiers, Favre and the consultative commission have ont is to be restored to Franc

but Belfont is to be restored to France.

Second. Payment of the war indemnity, five milliards francs.

Third.) Al portion for French territory,
with some fortified towns like Sedan, to
remain in the possession of the Germans
till the conditions of the treaty are full-

Fourth. German army to enter Paris Monday, and occupy the Champs Elyses. Fifth. Peace to be proclaimed when the French Assembly ratifies the conditions. Rumored Interference of England. LONDON, February 26.

The Daily Telegraph has a special dispatch from Amiens saying much uneasiness prevails there in consequence of a reness provails there in consequence of a re-port that England has interfered in regard to Metz; declaring that the fortress should not be ceded to the Germans.

Spain and Egypt at Loggerheads.

London, Pebruary 26. A difficulty has arisen between Spain and Egypt, caused by an insult offered by the clerk of the Spanish Consulate at

European powers have offered a media-tion between Spain and Egypt

NEW YORK CITY.

beginning with to-morrow services will be conducted with the aid of two choirs, the surpliced choir in chancil being re-

attempt to starve them into adject stumis-sion and reader their condition, worse than that of slaves. It is stated that between this city and Rutherford Park; N. J., there are more than two miles of cars, filled with goal, on the Delaware & Lacka wanta Railroad, and that this has been the case for a morth. Why the cost receipts there for a month. Why the coal remains there

The fear of an absolute coal famins in this city seems abating. The supply of bituminous coal, available by means of the Eric railroad, is unlimited, and arrangements are being made to bring large quantities from Baltimore and Richmond. There was no change in the price of coal vesterday, which, railed at \$14 per ton Ager was no change in the price of coal yesterday, which ruled at \$14 per ton, an advance of nearly 100 per cent. since January 1st. A. Pottsville, Pa., dispatch says that the workingmen hold another meeting to morrow and it is believed sheey will necept the \$3 50 bases. The striking miners are making continued efforts to throw trains from Reading trom the throw trains from Reading from the track, and have succeeded in doing considerable damage, although the road is patrolled by locomotives and constantly guarded by watchmen it is reported that one passenger train was utterly wrecked Friday.

The manufacturers of Newark and Elizabeth, N. J., are on the verge of suspension unless a supply of coal is soon secured, when thousands of operatives will be thrown out of employment e thrown out of employment.

The bark Midas cleared yesterday for

on board, contributed by A. T. Stewart, cleared Friday for Queenstown. The Methodist Book Committee has appointed eight experts, who begin immediately to investigate the affairs of the Book Concern.

The receipts of customs for this city on Friday and Saturday, exceeded \$1,030,

A large number of letters are daily re-eived at the Treasury Department on the subject of the new loan. In many cases parties have informed the Secretary that hey are ready to make exchanges of their live-twenties for the new 5-per cents, and hrough agents. THE HIGH COMMISSION AT THE WHITE

The English members of the Joint High Commission, accompanied by Secretary Fish and Mr. Thornton, called at the Executive Mansion at noon to-day, and were formally presented to President Grant, who was assisted in receiving the distinguished visitors by the Secretary of State, there we General Secretary of the Navy Attorney General, Scoretary of the Navy, and Generals Porter, Bahcock and Dent. The interview was entirely unofficial and had no reference whatever to the questions

MITEWASIL

Mr. Sargent, from the Committee on Appropriations, made a report to-day on the charges preferred by Mr. Walsh against the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in a letter to the Secretary of the Interior containing allegations of fraud and improvidence in the conduct of Indian affairs. The Committee say they have not found any evidence of fraud or have not found any evidence of fraud of prruption on the part of the Indian Com-dissioner, but much to criticise and conmissioner, but much to criticise and con-demn, arising partly from the vicious system inherited from the past, and part-ly from errors of Judgment in the coa-struction of the statutes passed to insure economy and mithfulness in the adminis-tration. The Committee have found no evidence of any pecuniary or personal advantage sought to be derived by the Commissioner, or against those connected with his bureau. The Committee are not aware that anything can be done to pune tration. The Committee have found no entered of any pecuniary or personal advantage sought fo be derived by the Commissioner, or against those connected with his bureau. The Committee are not aware that anything can be done to punish those who have heretofore extorted money from the Indians, or aided others in so doing, except to cause a strict monity to be made into the conduct or such of those persons as are still in the employ of the Government; and dismiss from service all who have knowingly violated the law.

Special to the Tribune.

Washington, February 24. that necessary business may be transacted members may know what committee work they are to be assigned to, and pre-pare themselves for it in the leisure of the long vacation.

confessed for only fifteen contested feetin cases made up for the XLHd Congress. There will probably be one from Arkansas, and one or two more from other States to be added to the list, which this to November, in order to make it with form. As soon as the Democracy repos-sessed themselves of the State organiza-tion, they maliciously repealed every law their opponents had enacted. The school system, the emigration bureau, and a score or more of beneficial measures, were spired from the statute books. Among wiped from the statute books. Among them the election law was repealed, and none has been enacted in its place. How-ever, this was overlooked, and the election icld as usual. It is now suggested that, as it was without cover of law, the seats of the members of Congress are vacant.

compelled to. Senator Ramsey, as Chairman of the Le Roads, has definitely determined to abandon the bill, twice passed by the House, abolishing the Franking privilege. He will for the present take no further action on the Federal Code prepared last year by the Commission for Codifying the laws, amended by suggestion of the Post Office Department experts, and at the Beginning of the present session reported by General Farnaworth, from the House Committee of Post Offices and Roads, and passed by the House.

the House. EDUCATION IN THE SOUTH.
Senator Wilson has a bill pending, the Senator Wilson has a bill pending, designed to aid the work of education in the South, which it is proposed to attach to one of the appropriation bills. This bill sets aside for a number of years all the proceeds of the safe of public lands, the same to be distributed pro rata among the States lately in rebellion. In said of the control schools It is said likely that common schools. It is quite likely that this measure will pass. There is a general desire among Southern members and desire among southern memoers and Senators to do nearthing for free schools. Nor is that feeling altogether confined to one party. There are Southern Demo-erats who ask for such aid, notably among them being Mr. Dake, of Virginia, who offered a bill, now before the Committee on Education and Labor, asking a grant for that State, of 1,500,500 acres, to be used solely to support free schools. The Legis-lature of North Carolina has sent a memo-rial here to the same effect. More than rial here to the same enect. More than thirty petitions, numerously signed, have recently been received from the States of North Carolina, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida and Tennessee, naking for educa-tional aid and gradie in various forms. tional and graits in wirions forms. One of the North Carolina petitions is pa-thetic in tone, setting forth as it does that it comes from crizzens who cannot write. These petitions and memorials were all These petitions and unconcraiss were rule referred to the Committee on Education and Labor, which also have before them Judge Hour's and Mr. Burchard's bills providing for Nalional Education also hall offered by Massac Arnell and Manning, granting the proceeds of sales from public funds for educational purposes also halls providing for the better security of

Gen. Butler says that the mirrors used in his house, alluded to by Gen. Farns-worth, were not the property of the government. Wishing at the time to buy some mirrors, he wrote to a New York lealer upon the subject, and was referre by him to an agent in Washington. The agent informed Gen. Butler that he had agent informed Gen. Butler that he had brought to Washington in the expectation of selling them to the government for the President's house, but falling in that, he was then endeavoring to sell them to the Trensury Department; that they were stored in the Trensury building, and if General Butler wished to be the best believed with the trensury building, and if General Butler wished to be the believed with the trensury building. use them in his house until they were sold he was welome to do so, provided he would pay the cost of removing them and assume the responsibility of returning them uninjured. Gen. Butler accepted the offer, the mirrors were taken to his house and subsequently returned to the agent who afterward sold them to the Government. The agent was glad to make the arrangement, because he thought the prop-erty safer in General Butler's hands than when lying in the halls of the Treasury Department.

Special to the N. Y. Times. THE HIGH COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, February 24 this morning and were introduced to Mr. Fish by Sir Edward Thornton. An in formal and entirely personal conversation ensued. They will be introduced to the

A determined effort will be made by Gen. Butler and some of the Southern members to pass, at the present session what is known as the Ku-Klux bill now before the Reconstruction Committee which was introduced into the House by Mr. Cobb, of North Carolina, but it is an derstood, written by Gen. Butler. Th bill is deemed very objectionable in som respects, and though some action may have to be taken by Congress to reach the causes of Southern troubles, many neonly The deem it premature to take such ac fore the Senate Committee, now investi gating outrages at the South, have made

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILBOAD BULL The late of the Southern Pacific Rail-road bill is problematical. Some of its friends in the Senate unhesitatingly say that, if they cannot have the passed the Senate, they do not want it at all; they will probably have to accept the latter contingency unless they yield their preferences. Their objection to Mr Wheeler's substitute is that it is a North-ern road with Northern connections, Northern officers, a Northern gauge, &c. Mr. Wheeler adheres to the position that will not, however, exceed eighteen or twenty. In the present Congress there have been more than thirty cases disposed of. A curious completation is likely to arise with regard to Tennessee. Under the ante bellum election laws, members of the area bellum election laws, members of mattonial riad, with connections [94] belli. provision which authorizes the company to establish a uniform gauge. This would probably lead the Company to adopt a gauge to conform with their most impor-tant. Northern connections; hence the op-position from the Southern interests. A Conference Committee will probably be agreed upon to inbrrow.

NEW ROUTE FROM WASHINGTON TO MICH

Gentlemen who arrived here from Richmond this morning represent much rejoicing there at the passage through the Legislature of the bill granting to the Richmond. It was bitterly opposed by some rival railroad interests centering at Norfolk, and by the anti-progressive-Yankoe hating dog-in-the-manger part of Virginia people, which clement is growing smaller every day. It is regarded as a triumph of the more liberal element in the business and politics of Virginia. This result insures the opening of the new route between Washington and Balsimore during the coming Submer.

BENATOR SPRAGUE AND COOT In the early part of next week Mr In the early part of maxt week air.
Thurman, Chairman of the Select Committee appointed some time ago to investigate the charges against Senator Sprague of illicit traffic in cotton during the rebellion, will present to the Senate a report from the committee. The report will show that, although no percupory summone of witnesses has been issued. summons of witnesses has been issued those who made the charges have been thiose who made the charges have been invited to appear and furnish evidence in proof, and that they have not made use of the opportunity. Further, the papears before the committee bearing on the case farnish no evidence of Mr. Sprague's having had any improper connection with the cotton trade, but quite reverse. What will not be shown in the report is, that those who made the charges do not prowill not be shown in the report is, that those who made the charges do not profess, privately, to believe them, or at least that the Senator was responsible for the questionable manner in which the man Hoyt carried on the business of which he had secured charge by deception and cheating. The evidence shows that the parties employing Hoyt were deceived from the beginning and lost all they had invested. In accordance with the evidence, the committee will report that the charges have not been sustained. Special to N. Y. World,
FROM SANTO DOMINGO.

Wasnington February 24/

and Labor, which also have before them Judge Hour's and Mr. Burchard's bills providing for Nalional Educations also hills offered by Mason. Arnell and Mason innoggraphing the process of sales from public lands foredees to also here to be proceed to also hills offered by Mason. Arnell and Mason innoggraphing the process of sales from public lands foredees to also bills providing for the better security of college faints, and for the indemnification of a Virginia College for loss and damage resulting from military occupation.

The bills creating new Judicial Districts with additional Judges, marshas, iclerks, &c.g. are likely to be lest in the Senate. Senator Trumbull, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, says that he is undoubledly report that everything is fa-

WASHINGTON. opposed to making any more United States Courts, of which he thinks the country has already enough to transact the busi-believed that the Forty-third Congress will remain in session to dispose of their report. At least that is the President's

Drawing of the Hamilton (O.) Opera House Lottery. HAMILTON, February 25.

The drawing of the Hamilton Opera The drawing of the Hamilton Opera House lottery took place to-night in the Opera House auditorium. A large audience was present. A committee of eight prominent citizens from Ohio and Indiana, headed by David Gibson, of Cincinnati, were chosen to superintend the drawing. Seventy-six prizes, the entire number in the scheme were drawn representing. the scheme, were drawn, replaces that \$140,000. A large number of tickets that remained unsold were put into the wheel remained insolver by the first have described to the credit of the scheme. The impression is that the drawing has been fairly conducted. The first prize consisted of the Hamilton Opera House, valued at \$100,000; the second prize, \$20,000 cash; third \$5,000; five prizes of \$1,000 cash; with virtual \$200 cash and sixty. each; eight prizes of \$500 each; and sixty each; eight prizes of \$500 each; and sixty prizes of \$100 each. The following numbers drew the principal prizes; No. 28,880 drew the Opera-House; No. 11,823 drew \$20,000; No. 30,020 gained the \$5,000; Nos. 49, 17,763, 5,832, 40,078, 19,159 won 1,000 each; and Nos. 1, 11,785, 28,683, 33,375, 33,320, 35,146, 34,470, 16,035 and 29,174 drew \$500 each. The number drawing the capital prize was sent to the New York agent, but whether sold or not is not yet known. The name sold or not is not yet known. The name of the holder of the ticket drawing the \$20,000 is not known.

New-York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, February 25.

Gold firmer and advanced, ranging be-ween 111341118, with the latest sales at 114. Loans were made at from 2 to 3 er cent. Clearing, 20,000,000. Exports or to-day, \$304,421; for the week, \$640,-00. Governments atrong and higher, 000. Governments strong and higher, with an advance of from 1 to 4 on the with an advance of from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to \( \frac{1}{2} \) on the entire list. Some heavy purchases were made on the supposition that the government will buy largely next month, with a view to the funding of the debt. Stocks, strong and active, with an advance of from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to per cent; Rock Island, Western Union and Ohlo were the principal features. Express strong, the United States taking the lead, and selling as high as 494. The market closed strong on the as 491. The market closed strong on the entire list at about the highest prices to-

STATE SECURITIES—Missouris, 512; Ten-nessees, old, 64; new, 642; Virginia, new, 61; old, 654; North Carolinas, old, 482; now, 974 61; old, 65); North Carolinas, old, 482; now, 274.

8 Trocks—Western Union Telegraph 514; Adams Express, 67; Wells, Fargo & Co., 39; American 452; United States 494; Pacific Mail, 452; New York Central, 954; do scrip, 914; Eric, 22; Harlem, 127; Reading, 994; Michigan Central, 174; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 1074; Northwestern, 774; do preferred, 872; Rock Island, 109; New Jersey Central, 1064; St. Paul, 532; do. preferred, 744; Wabash 544; do preferred, 764; Fort Wayne, 954; Terre Haute, 28; Chicago and Alton, 1134; Ohio and Mississippl, 374; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 84; Burlington and Quincy, 1544; Lake Shore, 962; Hilmois Central, 1322.

Cincinnati Market-

CINCINNATI, February 25.

135. Corn—Dull and drooping, at other Sc., Rye—Steady, Oats—Dull and hooping at 50c. Barley—Firm. Grocenus—Coffee—Firm. Sugar— in good demand. Molasses—Steady. Otts—Linsect oll, dull at 92a93c; Lard was turned on from the rear. | The fire being in the front of the building, it was some time before this could be made effective. About a quarter to one, a strong

CHERRE-10410c.
SEKDS-Unchanged.
PROVISIONS-Held firmly. Pork—Held it \$23 00. Bulk Meats—Held at 8, 10, 104 ltG on spot; \$2 less offered. Bacon—field at 9t, 113a114c, with small sales.
Lard-13, 134a134; head and gut, 13c.

Chicago Market.

Chicago Market.

Omicaco, February 25.

FLOUR.—Firmer.
GHAIN—Wheat excited and higher,
No. 2 spring Chicago, \$1 25 cash; this r.
st. firm at \$1 22;a1 25;. Corn firm; No.
2 mixed \$45c\$ higher, 40\$450\$ cash; this
r. st. firm. Oats higher, and closed steady;
No. 2, 483a49c. Hye dull at 88c. Barley
nominal; No. 2 70a76c. nominal; No. 2 70a76c. Hogs—Dressed hogs firmer at 10a15c nigher, closed steady at \$8 25a8 35. Live, tive at \$625a7 40

New York, February 25. For seasonable styles adapted to the ants of the early trade there is a fair in Water street; but how he gained access to the interior it is difficult to imagine. It is wants of the early trade there is a lair in-quiry, still there is no animation in the market as yet, but with the opening of new and choice lineard shawlf next, well, toge that with a more general assertment, of all kinds of dry goods, increased ac-tivity is looked for. Prices generally are steady and firm for all staple fabrics. ball was thrown through a window, and on another that an entrance was mad

COTTON—Unchanged.
FLOUR—Firm: \$6 7040 90 for shipping grades.

GLAIN—Wheat firm; new spring at 15163a1 65.

GLAIN—Wheat firm; new spring at 15163a1 65.

GLAIN—Wheat firm; new spring at 15163a1 65.

Ward about the middle of the room on the upper floor, and shining through the hatchway into the story below. From

(Tit) BALTIMONIS, February 25.
FLOUR-Firm.
GRAIN-Wheat dull and drooping:

A large short containing all the CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITER-ARY AND SCIENTIFIC, INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING; FOR 13(1) THE FAMILY. TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:

The Weekly Intelligencer

ingle Copy, for one year, in advance....

THE House of Representatives, Friday dded \$5,000 extra to Vinnie Ream's com ensation for the caricature of Lincoln, FLOUR—Dull.
GRAIN—Wheat—Dull and unchanged
orn—Dull and drooping; yellow at 77a
3c. Oats—68a64c.
PETROLEUM—Crude at 184c; refined at ust as a matter of sympathy. It also voted \$10,000 to ex-Land Commissioner Wilson for a lot of old traps he calls a "museum." Concerning this gift to Miss Ream the New York Tribune justly re-

marks:

Gen. Banks, we are sorry to say, led the
House of Representatives, yesterday, into
voting a gratuity of \$5,000 to a young
lady to whom the nation owed nothing.
It is so easy for men of deficient moral
sense to give away money which does not
belong to them, and so hard for men of a
certain age to resist the voice and eyes of
a young woman, that it is uscless to protest against these gallant follies. We
cannot prevent the House from voting
money to ladies whose graces they adcannot prevent the House from voting money to hadies whose graces they admire, but we beg, in behalf of the public which pays, that this charity be coupled with the proviso that the recipient shall make no more dismal images to affront all persons of taste and culture who may visit the Capitol. Gen. Banks is not expected to know anything about Art, but has constituents who do. We invite has constituents who do. We invite heir attention to the performance of their epresentative.

Jacob, Governor elect, was in the city yesterday, stopping at the Daily City

FINANCIAL.

SAFE! PROFITABLE! PERMANENT!

JAY COOKE & CO.

FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT GOLD BONDS or the partitioner of

Northern Pacific Railroad Co. These bonds are secured, Arst, by a First lortrage on the Railroad itself, its rolling stock

Mortgage on the Railroad their, the rolling size and all equipments; weekel, by a Flice Mortgage in its entire Land Grant, being more than Twei ty Two Thousand Acres of Land to each until of The Bonds are free from United States Tag

These Northern Facilic 1-39 Bondas Will at all mass before maturity, be receivable as Yusu, Paus Dawy, Paus III was 1960 and 1960. The exchange for the Dawy and the Paus III was 1960 and 1960

ment.
HOW TO GET THEM.—Your mearest Bank
TO Banker will supply these Bonds in any desired
monant, and of any needed denomination. Persons wishing to exchange stocks or other bonds
for these, can do so with any of our Agents, when
will allow the highest current price for a lab. MaiCETARIA SECULITIES.

sell this Loan, After careful investigation I have accepted the General Agency for West Virginia and the ad-joining counties of Fennsylvania and Ohio for the sale of these bounds, and confidently recom-R. CRANCLE,

SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR

HUMPHREYS'

Have proven from the most ample experience an entire success: Simple—Prompt—Efficient and Reliable. They are the Best Family Medicase memore. They are the Hest Family Medi-cines in use-no simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always re-liable. They have received the highest commen-dation from the thousands who have long used used known them, and will always render satis-settin to these who try them. Cures Price in Hoxes.

Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation.
Warms, Worm Fever, Worm, College

Conjecture is at fault respecting the that it was the work of an incendiary, the same probably who fired the building on

as of 10 1-oz viais, in fluid, 100 doses each, with manual of directions, giving full account of all diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Bors and Hogs, with full direc-tions for use, in neat walnut case, com-

FIG. 9-08. 996.; Finks B. DO, Quarts B. 75. EW Theo Rumedles, except POND'S EX-TRAOT, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by mail or express, free of chapte, on receipt of the price. Address HUMPHEREYS SPEUIFID HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY Office and depot, No. 508 BROADWAY, New York. the smell of it in the vicinity some For Sale by all Druggists.

SPRING HATS!

The Spring Style of SILK HATS!

Instructived at a contrale sock but only

Special Dispatch to the Cineinnati Enquirer

FRANCE.

North France Uneasy.

London: February 25. The News has the following, dated Paris 24th: "Louis Blane, Victor Hugo and Itenri Rochefort, members of the radical left of the Assembly, will present to the body a motion demanding the impeach

The preliminaries of peace were finally, settled to-day. The exact terms are unknown, but believed to-the severe. The Rappel says Thiers and the Commissioners of the Assembly will probably go to Bordeaux Sunday to submit the conditions agreed upon to the Assembly. It is hoped that they will be immediately adopted and that further proposation of the acand that further prolongation of the ar-misting will be undecreasive? Thiers was

First. The cession of Alsace and Metz

Cairo 12 200 Mankin, February 28.9 The Spanish Government has sent to the Viceroy of Egypt its ultimatum reply. The latter is unknown. Several of the The latter is unkn

NEW YORK, February 25. The subscriptions to the French relief The subscriptions to the French rener and amount to \$108,660. The difficulties in Christ Church (Rev.

the surpliced choir in chancil being retained and the quartette choir in the gallery added.

The impending coal famine is still the upperment topic of conversation. Serious apprehensions of a riot continue. The story of the coal strike is told by both sides. The operators continue to throw all the other hand, the workmen and, on the other hand, the workmen claim the the other hand, the workmen claim the scarcity of coal is merely the result of an attempt to starve them into abject submis-

is not explained.

NEW YORK, February 24.

Havre with 10,264 barrels of flour, and the bark Hunter, with 3,812 barrels of flour

WASHINGTON, February 25.

REHORT ON INDIAN FRAUDS—AN EVIDENT

THE NEW CONGRESS. Members of the new Congress are ar Members of the new Congress are ar-riving every day, and many of them spend much time upon the floor of the House, watching the proceedings, and endeavor-ing to get some comprehension of the compilested rules. They are almost unanimously in layor of completely or-ganizing the new House by the appoint-ment of the standing committees, in order that necessity business may be transacted

the ante bettum election laws, members of Congress were elected in August of each North and South, and that he dovern this to November, in order to make it united by the past law to the past

ain that the Democrats will not unless

has already coming before them. The Benator has made himself unpopular with some scores of gentlemen ambitious to fill the office provided for in these bills, and among their number are half a dozen members of the House, whose present occupation will be gone after March 4. GEN. BUTLER AND THE MIRRORS.

Financial and Commercial.

day, 404, Money easy, at 8a4 per cent.
State bonds, dull and unchanged. Mr.
Nowell, financial editor of the New York
Times, has been appointed advertising
agent of the new United States funding Sterling exchange, bankers

to 1001. nited States 6's of 1881, coupons

house bell, we believe, was rung. Two Corron—Quiet and unchanged. FLOUR—In good demand and higher; mily, \$6 25a6 50. engines were on the ground as promptly as could be expected without a more gen eral alarm, and in about twenty minute GRAIN-Wheat-Closed active at \$1 86 at 38. Corn—Dull and drooping, at 54a 55c. Ryc—Steady. Oats—Dull and

oil, firm at \$1 10. Ecos—Dall and drooping at 21a22c. Виттик—Scarce and firm at 26a30c. the front windows, and a little later through the roof, and for some minutes Спекве-15а16с.

Товассо—Unchanged. Wшаку—85с.

CATTLE-Dull at 4a61. New York Dry Goods Market.

New York Market, New York, February 25.

Sc. Eggs—Dull at 29a30c for fresh, and 15 this there would seem to be no doubt the fire originated on the upper floor. Fur-ther than this nothing appears to be a17c for limed. 117c for limed.

firemen on the ground worked with com-Ohio and Indiana, 21 55al 55. Corn firm: yellow 77a75c. Oats 58c. Bacon shoulders 104c; sides 11\(^2\_{12}\)2c; clear rib 13\(^2\_{12}\)c; sides 11\(^2\_{12}\)2c; clear rib Whisky—93c. The configuration. mendable energy and good effect, and trous conflagration.

The Intelligencer. The Settlement Between France and Saturday's reports about the conclusion

Philadelphia Market.

FLOUR-Dull.

Winsky—Unchanged.

PHILABELPHIA, February 25.

and signature of a treaty of piece be tween France and Germany, prove incor rect, assuming the reports this morning to be entitled to credence. The term the French embassy require a war indem nity of a thousand millions of dotlars the cession of Alsace and the fortress of Metz in Lorraine; and the possession of certain fortified towns till the conditions have been fulfilled. The Germans will

WE have been favored with, and print

enter Paris to-day.

elsewhere, the report made by Trea MACAULEY, in response to a resolution of the Senate, requesting a statement of th COUNTERPET flye-cent nickels are in circulation. Beware of that kind of hard ems proper to say that the Treasurer falls cash. into an obvious error, if he means, as we understand him, to count among the re sources of the Treasury on the 30th o NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN. September, 1871, the taxes assessed and collected this year, for the simple and sufficient reason that none of them, save the license taxes, will have been paid into the Treasury by that time. Three-fourthare payable into the Treasury January 20

ffer for Sale at Par and Accrued Interest the THE folly of fooling with fire-arms has just had another repetition at Martins burg. CHARLES SMITH, a colored boy year older, named WESLEY CURRY, by shooting him in the head with an old musket, which was supposed to be empty

THE HON. LEMUEL CHENOWETH, Mem

FIRE THIS MORNING.

ing, conspired to create great alarm

alarm became general, and only one hos

stream was thrown from Main street

Meanwhile the flames had burst through

looked quite threatening. The water thrown from both front and rear, how-

ever, soon began to tell, and by 1 o'clock

the fire, which had not communicated to any of the adjoining buildings, was en-

tirely under control. Ladders were then

hoisted to the main street windows, and

in ten minutes more the fire was pretty well extinguished.

At the hour of writing no particulars as

to damage to building or goods or as to insurance could be obtained. Our infor-

mation is that the building did not suffer

below the third story' except from water, and that there were but few goods in the

story burned. Messrs. Simpson & Wilson

suffered considerable damage to their

goods from the water, which ran down the

origin of the fire. The current opinion is

suggested on one hand that an incendiary

The fire was discovered by a couple of

night watchmen who were making the beat in the neighborhood. They perceived

hatchway into the story below. From

It affords us pleasure to say that th

time before they could locate it.

known.

through a trap in the roof.

side wall next the burning building.

1872, and the rest May 1, 1872.

er of the House of Delegates from Rai dolph, is opposed to a geological survey of the State. MR. SUMNER's friends fear his presen illness presages a complete break down of

Another Attempt to Burn Out Chas H. Berry. At a quarter past twelve this morning the cry of "Fire" was raised on Male Smoke was discovered issuing from the third story windows of the building h which Charles II. Berry reopened a rop Those living in localities remote from Banks,
any send money, or other bonds, directly to us store a day or two after he was burned ou my send money, or other-honds, threet by express, and we will send hack. Norths, the Bones at our own risk, and without it he investor. For further information, p its, maps, etc., call on oradiress the unite of orany of the Banks or Bankers employ il alla Loan. Alter careful investigation. building in the midst of a block o three story wholesale houses, the fact that adjoining I on Hope side I was the drug house of Messrs. Laughlins & Co., filled with inflammable materials. that a stiff breeze was blow

It was some time, however, before the rally.

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS'

VETERINARY SPECIFICS.

tions for use, in most wainut case, complete... \$10.00 POND'S EXPEACT... \$10.00 POND'S EXPEACT... \$10.00 POND'S EXPEACT... \$10.00 POND'S EXPERIES. Bleeding of the Langs. Stomack, Nose or other Urgans, Berns, Breises, Esmiss, Berns, Breises, Tambers, Berns, Esmiss, Berns, Esmiss, Corns, Ulcors, Old Nores. The Best Family Medicine known. Price, 6-oz. 50c., Pints \$1 00, Quarts \$1 75.

A full assortment of the above for said in Wheeling by

EDMUND HOCKING
HOCKING & CARROLL,
LOGAN, LIST & CO.
THOS. J. FINNEY.

0, one House of which is so he

HARPER & BRO'S.